

Instructions for 2017 Sales, Use and Withholding Taxes Amended 4% and 6% Annual Return (Form 5093)

NOTE: You must use Form 165 to amend tax years prior to 2015.

Use this form to correct the *2017 Sales, Use and Withholding Taxes 4% and 6% Annual Return* (Form 5091) that was initially filed for the tax period. Complete this form with all corrections as well as lines that did not change, as though this was your first time filing the return.

IMPORTANT: This is a return for Sales Tax, Use Tax, and Withholding Tax. If the taxpayer inserts a zero on (or leaves blank) any line for reporting Sales Tax, Use Tax, or Withholding Tax, the taxpayer is certifying that no tax is owed for that tax type. Only enter figures for taxes that you are registered and/or liable for. If it is determined that tax is owed, the taxpayer will be liable for the deficiency as well as penalty and interest.

Reason code for amending return: Using the table below, select the two-digit code that best represents the reason for amending the return. Enter the code in the appropriate field in the taxpayer information at the top of page 1.

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| 01 | Increasing tax liability |
| 02 | Decreasing tax liability |
| 03 | Incorrect information/figures reported on original return |
| 04 | Original return was missing information/incomplete |
| 05 | Claiming previously unclaimed prepaid sales tax |
| 06 | Dispute an adjustment |
| 07 | Tax Exempt |
| 08 | Other |

Line-by-line Instructions

NOTE:

- Enter sales tax amounts computed at 4% (0.04) in column A
- Enter sales tax amounts computed at 6% (0.06) in column B
- Enter use tax amounts for sales and rentals in column C

PART 1: SALES AND USE TAX SECTION

Line 1A/B: Total gross sales for tax year being reported. Enter total sales, including cash, credit and installment transactions, of tangible personal property. Include any costs incurred before ownership of the property is transferred to the buyer, including shipping, handling, and delivery charges.

Line 1C: Out-of-state retailers who do not have retail stores in Michigan: Enter total sales of tangible personal property including cash, credit, and installment transactions.

Line 2: Rental of tangible property and accommodations. Lessors of tangible personal property who pay use tax on rental receipts must enter rental income. Enter total hotel and motel room rentals including assessments imposed under the Convention and Tourism Act, the Convention Facility Development Act, the Regional Tourism Marketing Act, the Community Convention or Tourism Marketing Act.

Line 3C: Telecommunication Services. Enter gross income from telecommunications services.

Line 5a-5l: Allowable Deductions. Use lines 5a - 5l to deduct nontaxable sales you made from gross sales. Deductions taken for tax exempt sales must be substantiated in your records. You must obtain a completed copy of Form 3372, or the same information in another format, from the purchaser.

Line 5a: Resale, sublease or subrent. Enter resale, sublease or subrent exemption claims.

Line 5b: Industrial Processing Exemption. The property sold must be for direct use in producing a product for eventual sale at retail or to be affixed to and made a structural part of real estate located in another state.

Line 5c: Agricultural Production Exemption. The property sold must be for direct use in agricultural production.

Line 5d: Interstate Commerce. Enter sales made in interstate commerce. To claim such a deduction, the property or service must be delivered by you to the out-of-state purchaser. Property transported out of state by the purchaser does not qualify under interstate commerce. You must keep documentation of shipment out-of-state to support this deduction.

Line 5e: Nontaxable Services Billed Separately. Enter charges for nontaxable services billed separately, such as repair or maintenance, if these charges were included in gross receipts on line 1. Any costs incurred before the property is transferred to the buyer (including shipping, handling, and delivery charges) are not considered services and are subject to tax.

Line 5f: Bad Debts. You may deduct the amount of bad debts from your proceeds if the debts are charged off as uncollectible on your books and records at the time the debts become worthless and you have deducted the debts on your return for a period during which the bad debts are written off as uncollectible. The debt must also be eligible to be deducted for federal income tax purposes. A bad debt deduction may be claimed by a third-party lender provided the retailer who reported the tax and the lender financing the sale executed and maintained a written election designating which party may claim the deduction. Certain additional conditions must be met. See MCL 205.54g and MCL 205.94d for more information.

Line 5g: Food for Human/Home Consumption. Enter total of retail sales of grocery-type food, excluding tobacco and

alcoholic beverages. Prepared food is subject to tax. See MCL 205.54g and MCL 205.94d for more information.

Line 5h: Government Exemption. Direct sales to the United States Government, State of Michigan, or its political subdivisions.

Line 5i: Michigan Motor Fuel Tax. Motor fuel retailers may deduct the Michigan motor fuel taxes that were included in gross sales on line 1 and paid to the State or the distributor.

Line 5j: Direct Payment Deduction. Sales to companies that claim direct payment of sales or use tax to the State of Michigan. Such companies must have a sales tax license or use tax registration, and have a letter from Treasury specifically granting direct payment authority.

Line 5k: Other Exemptions or Deductions. Identify deductions not covered in items 5a through 5j on this line. Examples of deductions are:

- Direct sales not for resale to certain nonprofit agencies, churches, schools, hospitals, and homes for the care of children and the aged, provided such activities are nonprofit and payment is directly from the funds of the exempt organization.
- Assessments imposed under the Convention and Tourism Act, the Convention Facility Development Act, the Regional Tourism Marketing Act, or the Community Convention or Tourism Marketing Act. Hotels and motels may deduct the assessments included in gross sales and rentals provided use tax on the assessments was not charged to the customers.
- Credits allowed to customers for sales tax originally paid on merchandise voluntarily returned; provided the return is made within the time period for returns stated in the taxpayer's refund policy or 180 days after the initial sale, whichever is earlier. Repossessions are not allowable deductions.
- Sales to contractors of materials which will become part of a finished structure for a qualified exempt nonprofit hospital, qualified exempt nonprofit housing entity or church sanctuary. The purchaser will provide a Michigan Sales and Use Tax Contractor Eligibility Statement (Form 3520). See RAB 1999-2.
- Qualified nonprofit organizations may take a deduction of their sales if total sales are less than \$5,000 and they did not collect sales tax from their customers. If total sales are \$5,000 or more, the entire amount of sales is subject to tax. For qualifications, see RAB 1995-3.

Line 5l: Tax included in gross sales. If you have tax included in your gross sales, divide your gross sales by 17.6667 and enter the amount.

Line 8: If you collected more tax than the amount on line 7, enter the difference.

Line 10: Total Discount Allowed.

- **Annual filers:** If tax due on line 9 is \$108 or more, enter \$72 for your discount. If tax due is less than \$108, multiply line 9 by 2/3 (0.6667) and enter.

- **Accelerated/Monthly/Quarterly filers:** Enter total discounts allowed for the year.

Line 12: Enter total payments plus credits from the *2017 Fuel Supplier and Wholesaler Prepaid Sales Tax Schedule* (Form 5083), *2017 Fuel Retailer Supplemental Schedule* (Form 5085), and *2017 Vehicle Dealer Supplemental Schedule* (Form 5086), if applicable, made for the current tax year.

Note: all prepaid sales tax schedules are e-file only.

PART 2: USE TAX ON ITEMS PURCHASED FOR BUSINESS OR PERSONAL USE

Line 13: Enter purchases on which tax was not paid and inventory purchased or withdrawn for personal or business use.

PART 3: WITHHOLDING TAX

Line 17: Enter the number of your W-2 and 1099 statements.

Line 18: Enter the total Michigan income tax withheld for the year.

Line 19: Enter the total Michigan income tax withheld that was paid on your monthly, quarterly or accelerated returns (do not include penalty and interest).

PART 4: SUMMARY

Line 20: Enter any overpayment received on the original return or previous amended return.

Line 22: Enter the amount that was paid with your original return plus any additional tax that was paid after the original return was filed. Do not include penalty and interest paid on the original return.

Line 26: Enter the amount of overpayment from line 24 you want refunded to you. Refunds will not be made in amounts of less than \$1.

Line 27: If line 23 (tax paid) is less than line 21 (tax due), enter the additional tax due. Pay any amount \$1 or over with this return.

Line 30: Amount due with this return. Add lines 27, 28 and 29. Make check payable to "State of Michigan." Write your **account number, "SUW" and the tax year** on your check. Do not pay if the amount due is less than \$1.

How to Compute Penalty and Interest

If your return is filed after February 28 and no tax is due, compute penalty at \$10 per day up to a maximum of \$400. If your return is filed with additional tax due, include penalty and interest with your payment. Penalty is 5% of the tax due and increases by an additional 5% per month or fraction thereof, after the second month, to a maximum of 25%. Interest is charged daily using the average prime rate, plus 1 percent.

Refer to www.michigan.gov/taxes for current interest rate information or help in calculating late payment fees.